# Toolbox Talk 07. Cartridge-Operated Tools



## What?

Cartridge-operated tools use the power of an explosive charge to secure fixing devices

There are two types of cartridge-operated tools:

- Indirect acting: the driving force is transmitted to the fixing by means of an expanding explosive gas acting on a piston
- Direct acting: the explosive force of a cartridge acts directly on the fixing, driving it along the barrel into the wall or material

## Why?

- Cartridge-operated tools are potentially lethal if used recklessly or incompetently
- Several deaths and injuries occur each year from unsafe use of cartridge-operated tools

#### Main dangers:

- Misfires where the unexploded cartridge unexpectedly misfires
- Fixing device is driven through material
- Accidental operation of tool
- Lost cartridges which end up in the wrong hands

### Do

- Inspect tools prior to use
- Conduct a test fire
- Load the tool with the barrel pointing away from you.
- Keep the tool clean and well oiled.
- Always wear PPE when using cartridge operated tools
- Hold the tool at right angles to the job when firing.
- Lock up tools and cartridges when not in use
- Count the number of cartridges used and log the quantity

## Don't



- Use cartridge operated tools unless you are trained and over 18, with a certificate of authority.
- Place your hand over the end of the barrel.
- Leave the tool loaded when not in use
- Fire into a hole of a previously attempted fixing
- Fix into unfamiliar materials without first checking their suitability for cartridge fixing
- Use if you suffer from colour blindness
- Walk around with a loaded tool



Document Name	TBT 7 Cartridge Operated Tools	Document No	FM/HS/TBT/009	SA
Document Owner	Stuart Care	Date of Issue	13/01/2017	
Classification	Internal Use	Version No	01	

